What is Social Inclusion?

Social Inclusion:
A process by which certain groups are systematically disadvantaged from Social, Economic, and political activity. The discrimination takes place based on their religion, sexual orientation, caste, gender, age, disability, HIV status, migrant status etc.

Excluded People:
Women, children, elderly/old people, Persons with Disability (PwD), migrants, ethnic & religious minorities, indigenous people, transgender, pastoralists, nomads and people living with HIV/AIDS.

Social Inclusion:
The process of improving the terms of participation in society, particularly for people who are disadvantaged, through enhancing opportunities, access to resources, voice and respect for rights.

Forms of Social Inclusion:
Political inclusion, economic inclusion, and access to the social and welfare services of the government.